COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name
Algorithms and data structures 2 [S1Teleinf1>AiSD2]

Course

Field of study	Year/Semester
Teleinformatics	2/3

Area of study (specialization)	Profile of study
–	general academic

Level of study	Course offered in
first-cycle	polish

Form of study	Requirements
full-time	compulsory

Number of hours

Lecture	Laboratory classes	Other (e.g. online)
30	30	0

Tutorials	Projects/seminars	
0	0	

Number of credit points

5,00

Coordinators

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Lecturers

Prerequisites

The student should have basic knowledge of discrete mathematics, combinatorics and probability theory. Should be able to perform calculations using a mathematical apparatus in the field of mathematical analysis and probability, and to obtain information from the indicated sources

Course objective

The course aims at introducing students to the area of algorithms and data structures. Furthermore, it presents methodologies and techniques of the object oriented programming using C++, providing a fairly complete introduction to the language.

Course-related learning outcomes

Students know basic principles and rules used to design effective object oriented programs and data structures. They also know details regarding various algorithms used to handle numerical and discrete math problems. They also learn how to design data structures with the help of templates and

standard libraries.
Skills
A student can design an algorithm using, as guiding criteria, its time and memory complexity. He/she is also capable of coding proposed algorithms by deploying languages such as C++. A student understands the concept of object-oriented programming and impact of various data structures on time and memory efficiency of software applications.
Social competences
A student appreciates the practical significance of the object-oriented programming paradigm. Is aware of limitations of various algorithms. Is open for new applications of software engineering in technology, science, and social (daily) life. Can express his/her own opinions with respect to currently used solutions and methods as far as design of contemporary software systems is concerned.

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

2h-long written exam comprising assignments that cover the content of lectures. Laboratory classes are evaluated based on several written tests and a few small projects.

Programme content

Lecture: Object oriented programming. C++ classes. Constructors and destructors. Complex numbers - implementation. Constructor as a converter. Friend functions. Operator overloading. Inheritance. Hierarchy of classes. Templates. Pointers, operators new and delete. Dynamic creation of objects. Pointers to complex objects. Polymorphism. Virtual functions. Abstract classes. Copy constructor. Containers. A linked list, basic operations on lists. Iterators and their applications. Ordered lists, bidirectional lists, cyclic lists, queues. Reverse Polish Notation. Binary trees, basic operations, traversal methods. Binary search trees – insertion and deletion. AVL trees – local balancing, rotations of nodes. Insertion to and deletion from AVL trees. Graphs. Depth-first search, Euler cycles, Euler graphs, finding Euler paths. Hamiltonian cycle. Travelling salesman problem, simulated annealing. Breadth- first search. Spanning trees. Prim's, Kruskal's, and Boruvka's algorithms. Dijkstra's algorithm, the Euclidean metric.

Labs: forming simple classes. Creation of objects. Constructors and destructors. Operator overloading. Friend functions. Inheritance and class templates. Polymorphism and virtual functions. Containers – simple examples. Containers for vectors. Forming linked lists. Binary trees and traversal methods: in- order, pre-order and post-order. Working with binary search trees – insertion and deletion. AVL trees. Building graphs. Prim's and Kruskal's algorithms. Dijkstra's algorithm.

Teaching methods

Lectures: a multimedia presentation. Laboratory classes: students solve various problems provided by a teacher, write programs, compile them, debug a code, and evaluate programs on benchmark tests.

Bibliography

1. R. Sedgewick, Algorytmy w C++, Oficyna Wydawnicza READ ME, Łódź, 1999
2. N. Wirth, Algorytmy + struktury danych = programy, WNT, Warszawa, 1980.
3. T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leiserson, R.L. Rivest, C. Stein, Wprowadzenie do algorytmów, WNT, Warszawa, 2004
4. E.W. Dijkstra, Umiejętność programowania, WNT, Warszawa, 1985.
5. J. Grębosz, Symfonia C++, Oficyna Kallimach, Kraków 2008.
6. W. Lipski, Kombinatoryka dla programistów, WNT, Warszawa, 1982.

Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	120	5,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	64	3,00
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	56	2,00